

**Lesson Five**  
**Πρω μμαρ τιοτ**

**Simple Present Tense**

**Γαχι – to speak**

|                 |                  |
|-----------------|------------------|
| <b>†αχι</b>     | - I speak        |
| <b>κ̣αχι</b>    | - you speak (m)  |
| <b>†εαχι</b>    | - you speak (f)  |
| <b>ϥαχι</b>     | - he speaks      |
| <b>̣αχι</b>     | - she speaks     |
| <b>†ε̣αχι</b>   | - we speak       |
| <b>†ε†ε̣αχι</b> | - you speak (pl) |
| <b>εεαχι</b>    | - they speak     |

κ̣ (in the second person masculine) becomes χ̣ before β, λ, μ, ν, ο, ρ

Memorize the following verbs:

|              |              |              |                |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| <b>̣α̣ι</b>  | - write      | <b>†</b>     | - give         |
| <b>ωψ</b>    | - read       | <b>β̣ι</b>   | - take         |
| <b>οτωμ</b>  | - eat        | <b>εεμ̣ι</b> | - sit          |
| <b>εω</b>    | - drink      | <b>νατ</b>   | - look at      |
| <b>με̣νε</b> | - like, love | <b>ψα̣ρι</b> | - hit          |
| <b>μ̣οε†</b> | - hate       | <b>α̣ρεε</b> | - study, learn |

Memorize the following words:

|                         |              |                         |                   |
|-------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| <b>π̣ιω̣κ</b>           | - the bread  | <b>ε̣εν</b>             | - in              |
| <b>π̣ια̣λω̣μ</b>        | - the cheese | <b>ε̣β̣ο̣λ̣ε̣εν</b>     | - from            |
| <b>π̣ιε̣ρω̣†</b>        | - the milk   | <b>ε̣</b>               | - to, at          |
| <b>π̣ια̣ε̣</b>          | - the meat   | <b>ε̣ε̣εν, ε̣ι̣ε̣εν</b> | - on              |
| <b>π̣ι†ε̣β̣τ</b>        | - the fish   | <b>ι̣ε</b>              | - or              |
| <b>π̣ιμ̣ω̣ο̣ν</b>       | - the water  | <b>α̣λ̣λ̣α</b>          | - but             |
| <b>π̣ια̣φ̣ο̣τ</b>       | - the glass  | <b>νε̣μ</b>             | - and, with       |
| <b>†ε̣κ̣κ̣λ̣η̣ε̣ια̣</b> | - the church | <b>ο̣τ̣ο̣ε</b>          | - and (for verbs) |

- The particles ñ, ù are connected to objects as a prefix. The particle è is used with verbs of the senses a few others. The particles are not used with objects following prepositions.

Translate the following sentences:

- Α. ἴσθαι ἔεν πικαῶ.  
Β. πῖρωμι ἔωψ ἄπιχωμι.  
Γ. τασωνι ἔψαρι ἔτψαγ.  
Δ. πάλου ἔογωμι νεμ τεψαγ.  
Ε. νιάλωνι ἔερεμι εἰχεν νιτοτς.  
Ϛ. παιωτ ἔσω ἄπιερωτ.  
Ζ. ταμαγ ἔμενε νεσψηρι.  
Η. τενομοτ ἄπαιαλου.  
Θ. νασνηογ σερεε εἰνογωψ.  
Ι. ἴβι ἄπιχωμι ἐβολῆεν πασον.

In the negative sentences the particle **αν** follows the verb:

Example: μη ἔμενε παιρωμι ;  
σε ἴμενε παιρωμι.  
ἄμον ἴμενε αν παιρωμι.

Answer the following questions using **σε** and **ἄμον**:

- Α. μη ἔερεμι εἰχεν πιτοτς;  
Β. μη ἔωψ ἄπιωω ;  
Γ. μη ἔναγ ἔπασον;  
Δ. μη ἔμοιοτ ἄπιας;  
Ε. μη ἔψαρι ἔπεκσον;  
Ϛ. μη ἔογωμι ἄπιωικ;  
Ζ. μη ἔσθαι ἄπεκωψ νεμ τεκωνι;  
Η. μη ἔσω ἄπιερωτ;  
Θ. μη ἔβι ἄπικαῶ;  
Ι. μη ἔτ ἄπιχωμι ἔπεκσον;